

## FOLA LA FOLLETTE TARGET OF ANTIS

Has No Right to Keep  
Maiden Name, Says Na-  
tional Secretary.

## DECLARES PROPHECIES HAVE BEEN FULFILLED

Mrs. Funk Criticises "the Fathers"  
and the Constitution  
They Drafted.

(From The Tribune Bureau)

Washington, March 22.—Miss Fola La Follette, suffragist, wife of George M. Follette, and daughter of Senator La Follette, is made the target for anti-suffragist criticism because of her ideas relating to modern social conventions by Miss Minnie Bronson, secretary of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage. In a statement made public to-day:

"It might be necessary for the future Miss La Follettes to carry their marriage license with them when travelling with their husbands," says Miss Bronson. "For does the feminist go so far as to denounce our present standards in this matter also?"

"Perhaps the most amusing feature of this twaddle," Miss Bronson continues, "if it can be called amusing, is the plea of Miss La Follette that the parentheses are mine—for the right of a woman to retain her maiden name after marriage, and to be called 'Miss' instead of 'Mrs.' because 'it was no business of the world whether a woman is married or not.'

"Now, Miss La Follette, although a married woman, prefers her father's name to her husband's; but what right has she to call La Follette her maiden name? Is her maiden name her father's name or is it Smith, or Jones, or Brown, or whatever name her mother bore before she was married? And even then was that not her mother's father's name?" It would seem, therefore, that Miss La Follette instead of retaining her identity, as she claims she does, has become inextricably mixed up to name, and the only solution for such a tangle if women generally adopt the plan would be to go back to first principles and call all women Eves and all men Adams.

"Anti-suffragists have for years been derided for their exaggerated fears of what sort of a world this so-called woman movement would lead to. Well, how do they stand as prophets now? All that they predicted as the result of this movement has been advocated by suffragists—feminists in New York this winter. The anti-suffragists talked of the new woman and was lauded at. Now the younger suffragist laughs at the mental triumphs and the dowdy prejudices of the older suffragists."

"The 'fathers' and the Constitution were the target for the criticism of Mrs. Antoinette Funk, on the Congressional committee of the National Suffrage Association, in a statement also issued to-night:

"I am not saying that the fathers did not try to do the best they could," said Mrs. Funk. "They were working with the knowledge of the time, but their great error was in assuming that the conditions would not change; that progress never would be made; that generations of the future would not need different constitutions. They should have made their constitutions, national and state, more easy to decide."

"We who want woman suffrage know all about the constitutional difficulties which stand in our way. We have found them in every state in the Union, these man-made legal barriers which deny one-half of the citizenship the right to participate in the government, which is for all the people. If criticism of the wisdom of the men who erected these barriers to the rights of women constitutes 'treason,' then I will continue to be 'traitor' for some time to come."

RICHARDSON, Mrs. Norman Whitehouse's Appeal for Funds Fails to Arouse Enthusiasm—Votes of Working Women Earnestly Defended.

Rich women who attended the votes-for-women meeting at the Hotel Manhattan last night were rewarded by a scolding from Mrs. Norman Whitehouse, the chairman, because they do not contribute more liberally to the war chests of the cause.

The poor women pay the bills for suffrage," said Mrs. Whitehouse. "The women of wealth, who could give lavish, leave it to struggling girls in the shops and factories to go without their Easter hats that we may send out organizers."

The editor of an anti-suffrage newspaper asked me the other day why we needed money. Was it to buy votes?" he asked.

"No," I said, "it's because the women who could afford to give them time to suffrage aren't rich enough, and we have to take girls from the factories and pay them salaries to keep them alive while they do the rich women's work."

The value of the rich women as voters was discredited, too, by Mrs. John Rogers, Jr., when she spoke about the so-called ignorant vote.

The anti-suffragists fear the ignorant women's vote," she said, "but I ask, 'What are these women ignorant of? They are not ignorant of work or of poverty or of the lessons of life which are taught by these things. They know far more, too, of the workings of the city government than do we rich women. They know the public schools, because they send their children to them while we send ours to private schools. They know the hospitals as we never do. They know whether he is corrupt and whether he protects their young girls as we never can know, who need no policeman's care and who send our children out with nursemaids every day. If Jane Adams and Mrs. Sunkatch and Lillian Wald do not bear the ignorant vote, it is not presumptuous in me to do so?"

Will Irvin, Fola La Follette and Professor Joel E. Spingarn made the chief addresses of the evening. Mrs. Rogers answered questions.

In spite of Mrs. Whitehouse's plea for money, the ushers gathered in only about \$35.

The anti-suffragists fear the ignorant



## SCOLDS RICH SUFFRAGISTS FOR PENURY; COLLECTS \$35

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## RABBI SILVERMAN DECRIES SUFFRAGE

## WOULD TELL TRUTH OF WEALTHY DEAD

Clergyman Says It and Feminism and Socialism Would Destroy All Womanly Ideas.

Rabbi Silverman, in his sermon yesterday, denounced feminism, socialism and woman suffrage, saying that if the ambitions of the leaders of any of the three movements were realized the result would be practically the same—the establishment of polygamy, the destruction of the sanctity of marriage and the disruption of the home.

"At all hazards," he said, "we must oppose these movements. They are perverse of the interests of the child, and will destroy all that God and man have built up. The campaign for woman suffrage is a tool for the furtherance of that nefarious programme of the so-called emancipation of women. If the ballot is given to women it will be considered a victory for the feminist movement."

"A German advocate of the feminist movement declared that women were being kept behind by the chains of motherhood. Such advancement as that writer hopes to see spells the disruption of the home."

"Do you desire," he inquired, "to have your children worship at the altar of greed, though it may appear attractive in the distance from the golden halo about it? Do you prefer to tell them the truth about some of the 'great' men who die that they may gain a true heritage from their lives in a knowledge of the things they really accomplish?"

"I don't care if the millionaire gives away \$100,000 or even \$10,000,000—he steals, he must be weighed with the pauper on the same delicate scales of faith and accomplishment. But as soon as one begins to measure up the life that has ebbed away a cry goes up that rends the heavens. We find Jew and Gentile alike whispering in awed tones that it must not be done. And when the question is asked: 'Why should our children be permitted to worship at this false shrine?' the answer comes: 'He did so much; his wealth is doing so much good now.'

"Post-mortem benevolence does not wash away the sins of the flesh nor give stability to a life founded upon a lie. The day when we can look unflinchingly upon the life of the 'big' man who has passed away will indeed mark a new freedom."

"Barring a few of the leaders, the whole English suffrage campaign is carried on by women of a masculine type who have lost their womanly traits. Bebel, one of the greatest authorities on socialism, tells us that under socialism the women will be as free and unhampered as the men. What a pitiful state of affairs if the women were as free and unhampered as some men are!"

It was significant, the rabbi said, that the Catholic Church was opposing all three movements, and he called upon the Protestant churches to join in the opposition in the interests of humanity.

## FINDS NO JOY IN RICHES

Ex-Newgirl, Seeking Divorce, Would Sell Papers Again.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.) Boston, March 22.—Mrs. Nan Corrigan Bates, who before her marriage to Frank Morton Bates, a wealthy Atchison jeweler, manufacturer, was a newgirl at the Hotel Vanderbilt, New York, and who is suing her husband for divorce, charging him with habitual use of drugs, cruelty and failure to provide, declares she is going back to work again in New York and asserts there is no happiness in living with a man whose love has died.

"My old alarm clock, which used to get me out of bed at 5 o'clock in the morning, will sound good to me again," said Mrs. Bates to-day. "Far better than the honk of an automobile. I've often told my husband I'd sooner be back at work, when he neglected me. And back to work I'm going. If necessary, I will sell books and papers again."

## Gold for Suffrage Essays.

(From The Tribune Correspondent.)

Montclair, N. J., March 22.—At a meeting to-day of the members of the First Congregational Church, which was destroyed by fire on Friday night, \$43,000 was pledged for a new edifice. Telegrams were received from two members of the congregation in distant parts of the country. One made a contribution of \$6,000 and the other \$3,000.

It was decided to hold a congregational meeting on April 1, when a congregational plane would be adopted.

## Japanese Volcanoes Active.

Tokio, March 22.—A severe eruption of the volcano on Suwanan Island, south of Kyushu, began to-day. The flames rose five hundred feet above the mouth of the crater. An expedition has been sent to give relief to the 200 inhabitants of the island.

The prizes will be awarded on May 2.

## BUYERS NOW IN THE CITY

Out-of-Town Visitors Here to Look Over Offerings of Local Wholesale Dealers.

Buyers arriving in New York may register in this column by telephoning Beckman 2600.

ALBANY.—L. A. Asker Company, F. L. American, ready to wear; Wallie, Pittsburgh—J. B. & Co., G. D. Robbins, furnishing goods and clothing; Collingwood, Baltimore—Baltimore Bargain House; A. A. Miller, hats and quilts; No. 350 Fourth street.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN.—D. B. Lowman Company, W. M. Sparrow, general merchandise; No. 10 West Main street.

CHICAGO.—T. J. Madden, ladies' underclothes; T. E. Woodward, neckwear and ribbons; No. 22 Fourth avenue.

CHICAGO.—Siegel's Cooper Company, Miss B. Frank, M. G. Garber, wranglers; No. 664 Broadway.

CHICAGO.—Marshall Field & Co., H. S. Manchester, ladies' ready-to-wear; No. 194 West street.

CINCINNATI.—Shultz Company, A. J. Nathan, ladies' ready-to-wear; No. 624 Fourth avenue; Great Northern.

CLEVELAND.—Kremer, Lewis, Gray Co., T. L. Anderson, cloaks, notions, furnishing goods; No. 2 Martin street.

COLUMBUS.—Anderson, Lewis, Gray Co., T. L. Anderson, cloaks, notions, furnishing goods; No. 2 Martin street.

DALLAS.—E. B. Synder, drygoods; No. 43 Lexington, great Northern.

READING.—Perry, Pease & Co., B. S. Read, ready-to-wear; Chardige.

SACRAMENTO, CALIF.—C. P. Nathan Co., L. Nathan, drygoods; No. 126 Broadway.

SPRINGFIELD.—Lowengart & Co., S. Lowengart, military and fancy drygoods; No. 621 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS.—Engel Brothers, England, ladies' ready-to-wear; No. 60 West Franklin.

ST. LOUIS.—Anderson, Lewis, Gray Co., T. L. Anderson, cloaks, notions, furnishing goods; No. 2 Martin street.

DETROIT.—Edson, Moore & Co., G. W. Gibbs, drygoods; No. 1 Lexington, great Northern.

INDIANAPOLIS.—Miss E. B. Burris, millinery; No. 21 Broadway; Ober, Durst Company, No. 115 State street.

FOOT WAYNE.—J. Stillman & Co., M. H. Brach, ladies' ready-to-wear; No. 15 State street.

KNOXVILLE.—E. H. Walker, drygoods and fancies; Kinsborough, ladies' ready-to-wear; York.

TOLEDO.—W. L. Miller Company; F. C. Hoffman, drygoods, silks and velvets; No. 20 Lexington.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Kahn Sons & Co., J. D. Furlong, silks and velvets; No. 215 1/2 14th street.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Brooks & Co., Mrs. M. Brooks, ladies' ready-to-wear; No. 205 West street.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward &洛夫特, Mrs. M. Johnson, ladies' boudoir and underwear; No. 334 4th Avenue.

WICHITA.—Harrington & Parker Drygoods Company; Miss L. Holtz, children's wear; 71 West 23rd street.

WICHITA.—Vanderbilt & Barnes Drygoods Company; C. J. Kenney, dress goods, channels and linings; 214 Church street.

ST. LOUIS.—Ely & Walker Drygoods Company; J. W. Ferguson, silks, velvet and linens; 228 Lexington street.

ST. LOUIS.—Cartledge, Ferguson Drygoods Company; J. E. Montague, suspenders and neckties; 305 Broadway.

DETROIT.—Edson, Moore & Co., G. W. Gibbs, drygoods; No. 1 Lexington, great Northern.

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